

Build a Kit. Make a Plan. Help Each Other.

Preparing with Neighbors





Preparing with NeighborsParticipant's Guide

Phase I: The Presentation
Phase II: Getting Organized
Phase III: Getting Confident

Dear Seattle Residents,

Seattle Neighborhoods Actively Prepare, or as we like to call it, SNAP, is all about encouraging Seattle residents to prepare for emergencies and disasters. This includes preparing as individuals, families, on your block or in your building, and in the workplace. This guide provides a road map to organizing with neighbors.

After a disaster, people will need to work with those around them to solve problems and meet needs. As you know, it is likely that the systems we normally rely on in emergencies- such as the Fire Department and Emergency Medical Services (EMS)- will likely be overwhelmed in the event of a disaster. We at the Seattle Office of Emergency Management want to make sure that Seattle and its neighborhoods have the necessary information, tools, and know-how to be self-sufficient for at least two weeks following a disaster event.

Our staff and volunteers have likely given you a presentation on personal and neighborhood preparedness, along with a few tips on how to organize your group; this is Phase One of preparing with your neighbors. You may have also accessed this information on our website and gone through Phase One on your own.

This booklet will serve as your guide for the last two phases of organizing with your neighbors. You can find all the presentation materials from Phase One, as well as other preparedness resources on our website (www.seattle.gov/emergency).

Phase Two walks you through some simple steps to organizing with your neighborhood. This section also provides some forms that may help in collecting information about the current preparedness of your neighbors and identifying gaps that may exist.

Finally, Phase Three gives participants the opportunity to further practice and acquire new skills should they wish to grow their base of knowledge. Keep in mind that all of the steps and tools outlined here are simply guidance.

Preparing and organizing with neighbors is not a one-size-fits-all process, just as neighborhoods are all unique in their own way. You may live in a single family home with neighbors spread out over a block, or you may live in an apartment building or condo, with neighbors spread out over several floors. How you organize may differ depending on your needs and preferences.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is provided on the next page and we are more than happy to help you and your neighborhood on the road to preparedness.

Good luck!

Sincerely,

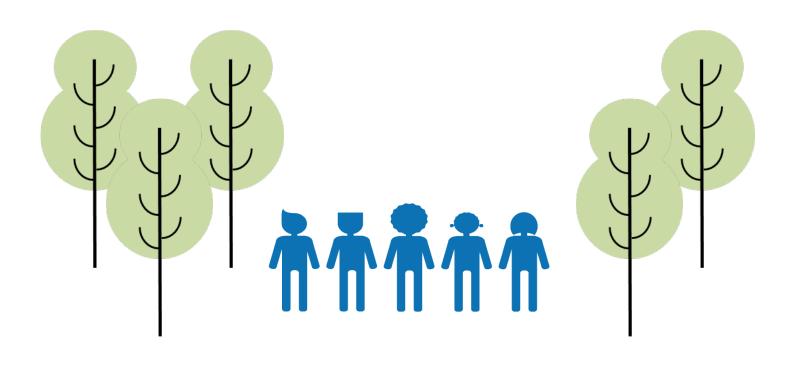
Seattle Office of Emergency Management

Phase One: Resources

- Preparing with Neighbors: Power Point Presentation
 - Be Prepared Infographic
 - Preparing with Neighbors Guide

Neighborhood Time Commitment

For questions about the materials or clarification on any of the subject matter covered, please contact Seattle Office of Emergency Management at 206-233-5076 or SNAP@Seattle.gov.



Phase One: Meeting and Preparedness Discussion

Goals for Phase I:

- Learn and discuss key aspects of personal and household preparedness
- Assess the level of preparedness of the group
- Learn what steps should be taken immediately after a disaster
 - Learn about other neighborhood initiatives
- Become familiar with the next steps to organizing as a SNAP group



This program focuses on preparing with neighbors.
A neighborhood can be considered a group of people living on the same street, in the same building, or in several buildings.

The first step to preparing with neighbors is holding an initial meeting to learn about personal and family preparedness and discuss how neighbors might work together before, during, and after a disaster. The intent of this introductory meeting is to get individuals and neighborhoods thinking about preparedness and considering how participants may be able to support their neighborhoods when the time comes. If a neighborhood decides to organize as a group, Phase II provides a road map and tools that can assist with that process. Once a neighborhood is organized, Phase III provides tools to become even more confident with response plans through training, drills, and exercises.

Goals for Phase II:

- Decide on a neighborhood coordinator(s)
- Determine the locations of your neighborhood meeting place
 - Determine roles and responsibilities
- Sign up on the NeighborLink Map

Thanks for taking the time to get yourself and your neighborhood prepared for a disaster or emergency. Have questions on what to do next? We bet you do. Phase Two of SNAP will help give your neighborhood ideas and tools to get even more prepared.

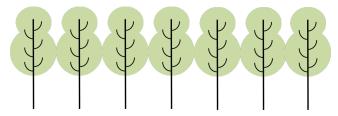


See Phase I for learning how to get prepared.



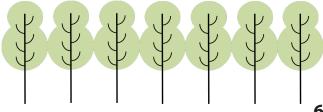


Identifying a Neighborhood Coordinator is the first step to organizing. This could be the person that set up the first meeting or another person that is willing to take on the task of keeping the group engaged before an emergency. The **Neighborhood Coordinator will also** serve as a leader during an actual disaster. It may be a good idea to have more than one person serve in this role. This will help spread the workload of organizing meetings and drills, as well as increase the chances that one coordinator is available when needed.





Determining roles and responsibilities before a disaster happens helps to ensure that everyone is comfortable with tasks that will need to be accomplished. Flexibility in defining the roles is key for a successful neighborhood response. When defining what role each person might play, it is important to match people to roles based on their skills and experience. **Keep these roles flexible and focus** on completing the 3 priority tasks following a disaster or emergency.





Once you determine how you will organize as a group during a disaster, it is important to identify some key locations in your neighborhood.



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Define the area that your SNAP group will cover (i.e. which streets and households are included).

Identify a neighborhood meeting place. This is the place that everyone will meet during an emergency, after attending to their own household needs. If you are in a condo or apartment building, your meeting place may be outside, in a lobby, or on a designated floor.

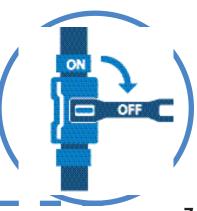




Identify a location for the First Aid Station.



Identify homes with natural gas meters and the location of those meters, whether for individual homes or the whole building.



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Map the Neighborhood

Mapping your neighborhood is a good way to document the decisions you have made about the area covered by your neighborhood locations such as the Meeting Place and First Aid Station. It can also serve as a critical tool during a disaster. Noting where gas meters are can help aid utility control teams during a response. The map on the right is one example of what this might look like.



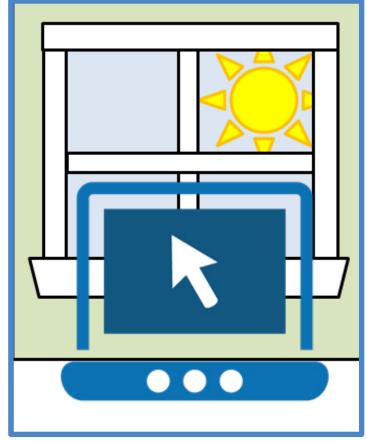


Sign up on the NeighborLink Map and Connect with Your Community

Signing up on the NeighborLink
Map allows you to connect to a
citywide network of people and
groups. You can find the map at www.
seattleemergencyhubs.org

The NeighborLink Map displays SNAP Neighborhood groups, Community Emergency Hubs, and Block Watch groups so that you can easily connect with others who are trying to organize in your neighborhood. By signing up, you allow others in your neighborhood to connect with you.

It is a good idea to connect with a Community Emergency Hub if there is one in your neighborhood. You can find hub locations on the NeighborLink Map.



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Phase Three: Getting Confident



Take a Training and Learn a Skill

Seattle Office of Emergency Management periodically offers disaster skills training including utility control, fire suppression, disaster first aid, and light search and rescue. To see current training offerings, please go to the Office of Emergency Management Events Calendar on our website.

www.seattle.gov/emergency-management



SNAP Forms

The next section provides a variety of forms to use in helping establish and organize your SNAP group.

The Skills and Equipment Information Form will help you and your neighbors learn what skills or emergency function each person or family are willing to perform during an emergency and what kinds of equipment they would be willing to provide and share during an emergency.

The Neighborhood Planning Form helps the group outline the parameters of the group and puts key locations into writing. This form also provides a checklist for post-disaster priorities for the group.

The Household Information Form allows households to share information about themselves to be used only in case of an emergency. This will allow your neighbors to contact you, or members of your household in the instance that you are not home when an emergency occurs. This form is voluntary and should only be used for emergency purposes.

Skills and Equipment Information Form

Address:					
Phone:					
Name(s) of Person(s) at this	Residence:				
Skill:	Name of person(s) with this skill:	Equipment and Supplies:	Brief description of equipment available:		
First Aid, CPR		First Aid and Medical			
Childcare Specialist		Spare Bedding, Tents			
Search and Rescue		Chain Saw			
Crisis Counseling, Psychologist		Generator			
Damage Assessment		Portable Lights			
Disaster Feeding		Camp Grill, Stove			
HAM Radio Operations		Walkie Talkie			
Plumber, Carpenter, Electrician		Long Ladder			
Fire Fighting		Crow Bar, Axe			
Other		Strong Rope			
		Additional Equipme	nt I/we could provide:		
Check Services I/we could pr	ovide:				
• Emergency Housing					
• Emergency Feeding					
• Participate in Phone Tree					
• Transport Those in Need					
• Cut Trees/Debris Removal					
• Shovel snow or mud, sand I	oag				
• Language Translation					
Which language?					

This information is owned by the neighborhood and is to be kept strictly confidential and used only during times of disaster.

The Co-Coordinators for our neighborhood are: Our neighborhood includes households on the following streets: Our neighborhood Meeting Site is located (address and description): Our First Aid Site is located (address and description): Our Neighborhood Care Center is located (address and description):

After the Disaster

Priority #1: Take care of yourself, your family, and your home	
Check yourself and your family members for injuries. Take care of your house by: • Putting out small fires using portable fire extinguishers • Turning off your natural gas at the valve outside the house (only if you smell natural gas, hear or see a problem, or if you suspect a leak) • Turn off your water at the main house valve, and if necessary your electricity at the main electrical panel	
 Dress for safety and go to your meeting site: Put your Help/OK sign at the window or on the door where it can be seen from the street Bring a flashlight and your first aid kit Put your fire extinguisher at the end of the driveway for others to use if necessary 	

Priority #2: Take care of others

- Report to the neighborhood Meeting Site
- The Neighborhood Coordinator will identify the tasks that need to be done based on the emergency or disaster and the problems being reported in your neighborhood
- Highest priority problems include utility control, search and rescue, and first aid. If there are enough resources, include sheltering as a high priority.
- Assign neighbors who are not currently on a Response Team to those teams needing additional support.
- Give them a copy of the appropriate task description and direct them to where the team is located. Coordinate food and rest breaks as needed.

Highest Priority: Life Safety Tasks

- Utility Control
- Search and Rescue
- First Aid Station and Treatment

People, Property, and Information Tasks:

- Sheltering and Special Needs
- Damage Assessment
- Communications

Household Information Form

General Information									
Address	City		City		Z	Zip Code		Home Phone	
Household Members									
Family Members (list adults first, then children)	Mobile Phone			Personal Email		Work Phone			Work Email
Pet Name			Type/Bree	ed			Comments		
School Information									
Child's Name	Age School Name			Name	ame			School Phone	
Medical Information									
Our medical and allergy ir	nformation is	s locat	ed here:						
Emergency Contacts				Г					r
Emergency Contact	Relationship			Home Phone		Mobile Phone			Work Phone
(Local)									
(Out-of-Area)									
Search & Rescue / Utilit	ies								
In the event a member give permission for sor	of my famil neone to er	y is m	nissing a ny home	nd presumed trap to search for ther	ped in n.	our hon	ne, I		
In the event that no on or electricity to be shut neighborhood.	e is home, I t off if it is n	give ecess	permiss ary for t	ion for the water, the safety of my ho	gas, an ome an	nd/ nd the			
Water shut-off location	n:								
Gas shut-off location:									
Electricity shut-off loca	ntion:	_						_	
Signature:							Date:_		
*This information will be	e kept strictly	/ conf	idential,	and will be used or	nly duri	ng times	of disaster.		



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